



BPGV Mission and Activities

Banco Português de Germoplasma Vegetal (BPGV)



BPGV is located in Braga, with 8 ha of agricultural area, used entirely for the development of its mission

Banco Português de Germoplasma Vegetal (BPGV)





MISSION

Plant Genetic Resources collection, conservation, evaluation, documentation and valorisation as a part of the National genetic resources Conservation System, ensuring biological diversity and sustainable use for agriculture in the present and future



Banco Português de Germoplasma Vegetal (BPGV)



HISTORY

- Initiated in 1977
- Collecting and conservation of landraces from the major crops for Food and Agriculture
- *Ex situ* conservation of 42.203 accessions representing 155 Species and 90 Genus
- Medium and Long term Conservation, field collections, *in vitro* and cryopreservation



Banco Português de Germoplasma Vegetal (BPGV)



602 Accessions in Fields collections



234 Accessions *In Vitro*:

(227 *A. sativum* L.; 2 *A. ascallonicum* L. and 5 *A. ampeloprasum* L.)



537 Accessions Genome collection:

(323 *Allium* spp., 118 *Phaseolus vulgaris* L. and 96 *Zea mays* L.)



9.295 Accessions duplicated from Nacional Institutions

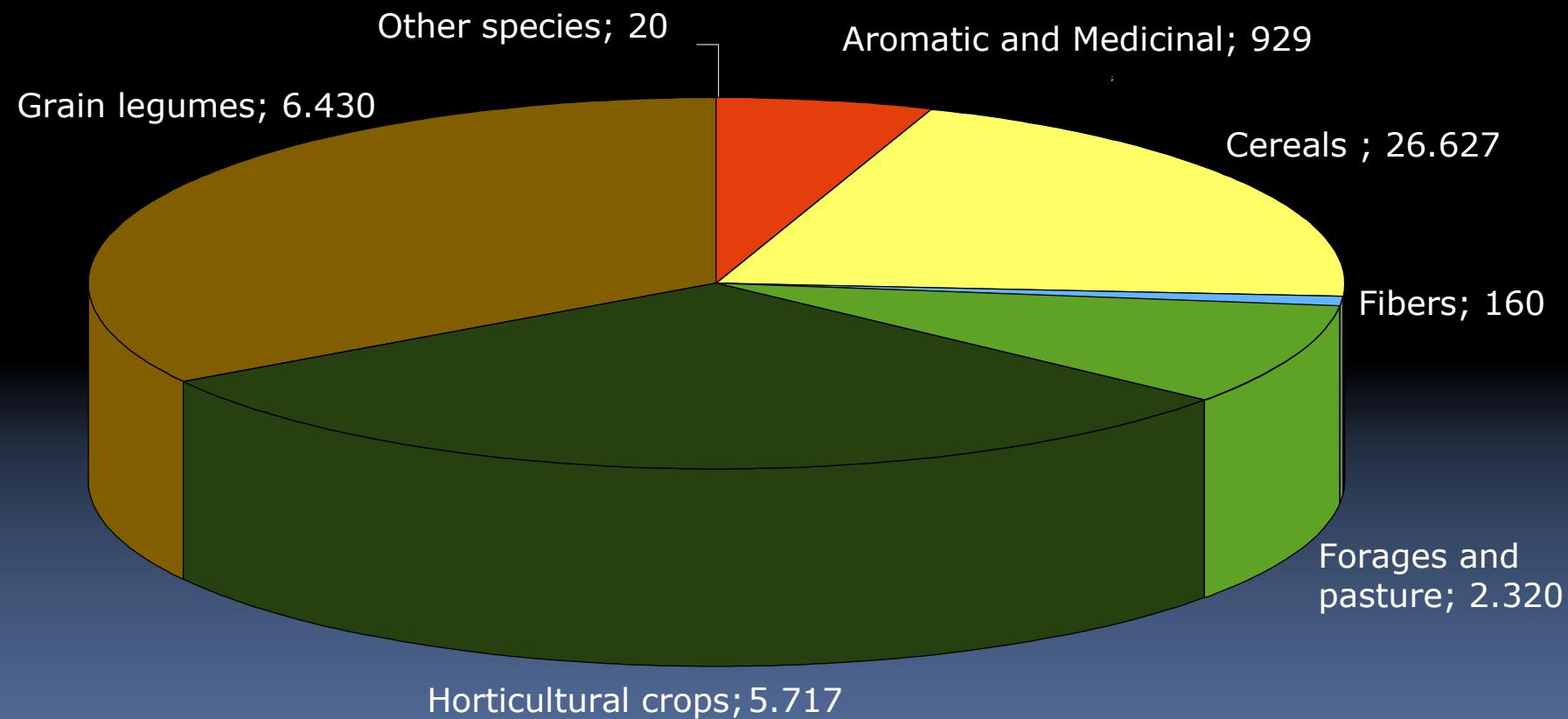


748 Accessions Duplicated from European GeneBanks



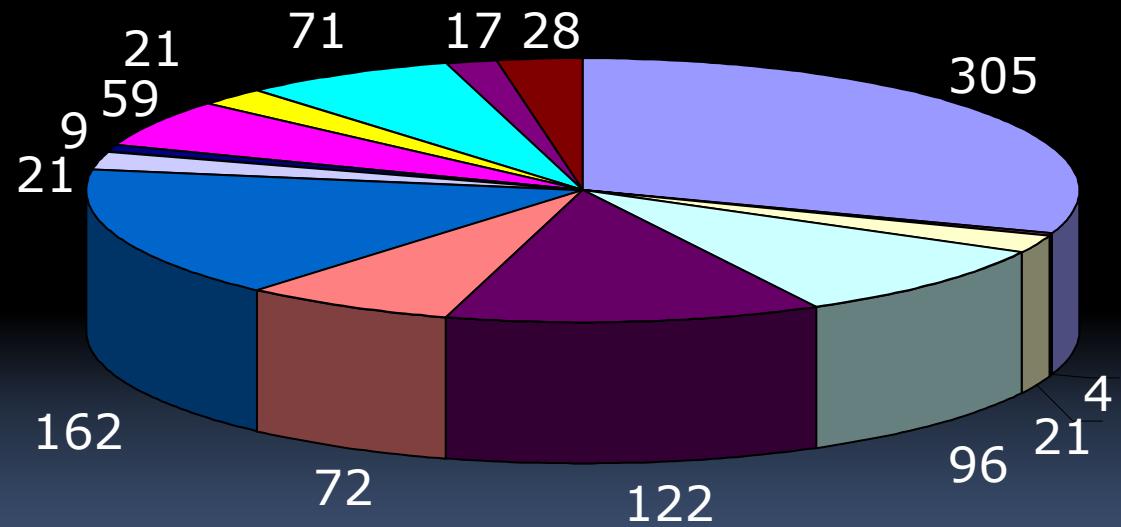
Banco Português de Germoplasma Vegetal (BPGV)

Ex situ conservation Number of Accessions



Banco Português de Germoplasma Vegetal (BPGV)

MAP CONSERVATION



- *Allium sativum* L.
- *Anthemis nobilis* L.
- *Apium graveolens* L.
- *Coriandrum sativum* L.
- *Daucus* sp.
- *Foeniculum vulgare* L.
- *Humulus lupulus* L.
- *Hypericum* sp.
- *Mentha aquatica* L.
- *Mentha pulegium* L.
- *Origanum vulgare* L. ssp. *virens*
- *Petroselinum crispum* Mill. A. W. Hill
- *Thymus caespititius* Brot.
- *Lavandula* sp.



BPGV ACTIVITIES

COLLECTING MISSIONS

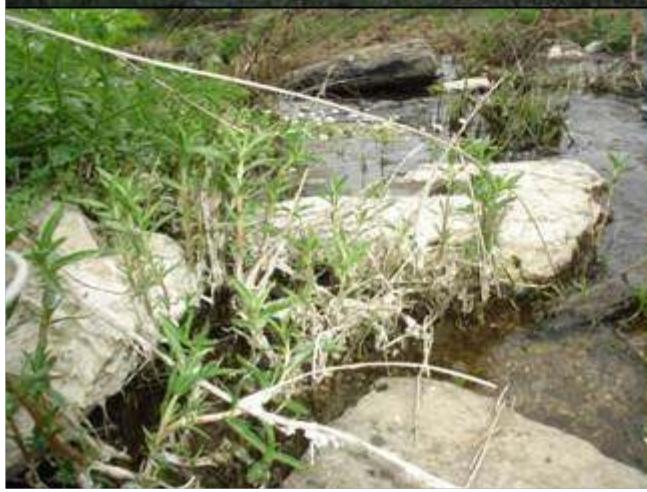
Landraces - major crops



COLLECTING MISSIONS

crop wild relatives (CWR)









ETHNOBOTANICAL SURVEYS



ETHNOGRAPHIC SURVEYS



Camisetas de linho de homem e de mulher, usadas outrora pelas leiradeiros na região de Guimarães. São bordados à ponto de canutilho.

ITINERARY FOR CONSERVATION

Registration



Cleaning



moisture content



Germination



Dehydration



Weighing



Packaging



Sealing



EX SITU CONSERVATION

Medium term



Long term



FIELD COLLECTIONS



Allium sativum L.



Mentha aquatica L.



Mentha pulegium L.



Humulus lupulus L.



Origanum vulgare L. ssp *virens*



Thymus caespititius Brot

IN VITRO CONSERVATION



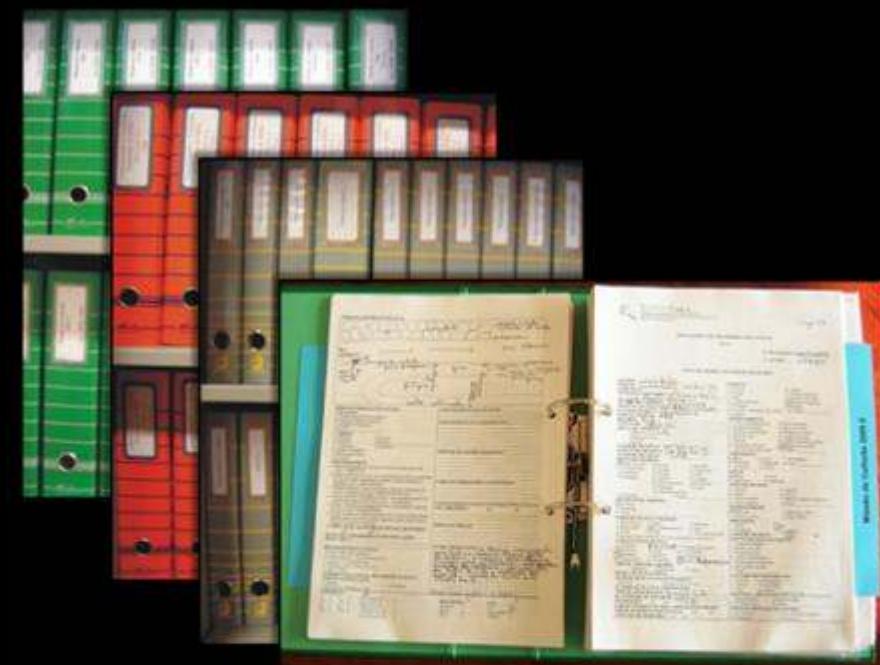
MORFOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION



MOLECULAR CHARACTERIZATION

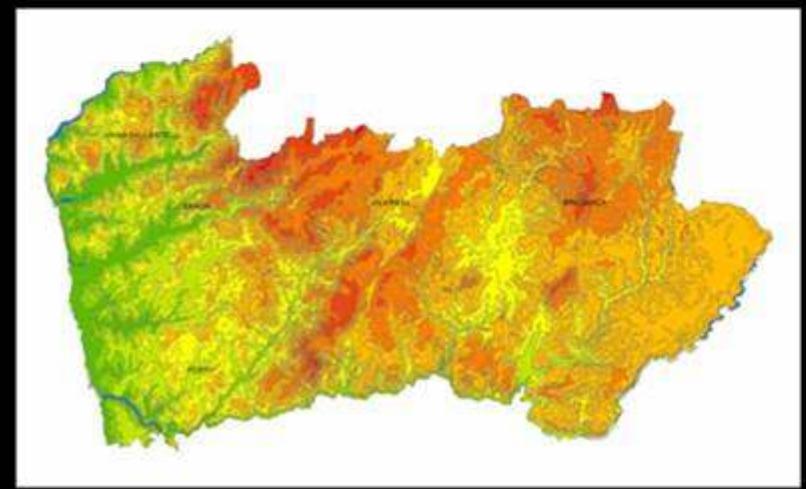
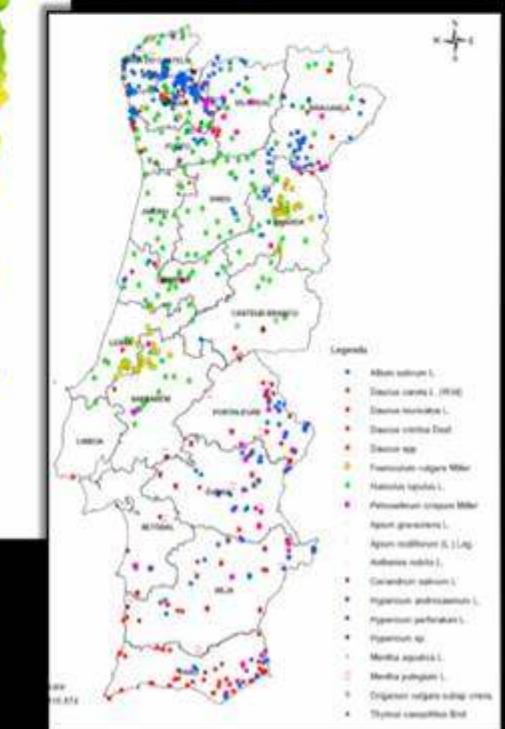
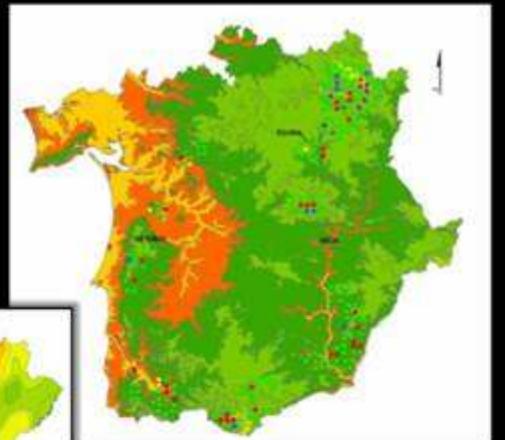
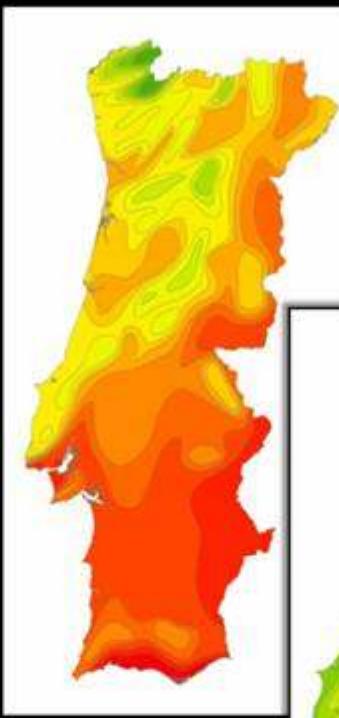
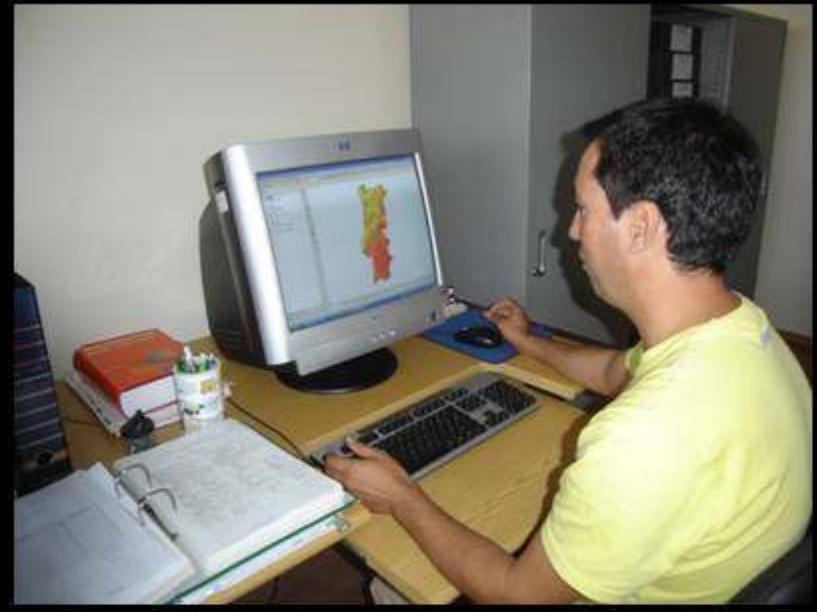


DOCUMENTATION DATA BASE

Four screenshots of software interfaces for managing plant collections. From left to right:

- The first interface shows a table with columns labeled 'Nome', 'Código', 'Número', 'Classe', 'L', 'L', 'M', 'M', 'M', 'M', 'M', 'M'. It lists various plant species and their characteristics.
- The second interface is titled 'Base Dados-Herbario' and includes a sidebar with options like 'Objetos', 'Calculadora', 'Formulas...', 'Relatórios', 'Ficheiros', 'Matriz', 'Módulos', and 'Favoritos'. It features images of plants and a search bar.
- The third interface is titled 'Facil de Gestão de Coleção In-Vitro' and shows images of plants in glass jars. It includes a sidebar with 'Objetos', 'Calculadora', 'Formulas...', 'Relatórios', 'Ficheiros', 'Matriz', 'Módulos', and 'Favoritos'.
- The fourth interface is titled 'BD Coleção de ADN' and shows images of DNA samples. It includes a sidebar with 'Objetos', 'Calculadora', 'Formulas...', 'Relatórios', 'Ficheiros', 'Matriz', 'Módulos', and 'Favoritos'.

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM









STATE OF THE ART



Mediterranean Region



The Portuguese Flora is rich in aromatic and medicinal species



3800 species of vegetation

500 are aromatic and medicinal



Main Families



Apiaceae, Asteraceae, Lamiaceae, Mirtaceae, Oleaceae, Liliaceae, Rosaceae, Leguminosae, Rutaceae, Hipericaeae, Pinaceae, Cupressaceae, Lauraceae, e Malvaceae





STATE OF THE ART



In the past few decades, research programmes on MAP GR in Portugal have been focusing on biochemical evaluation of wild material.

In the last decade, efforts have been made to preserve this genetic material *in situ* and *ex situ*, along with morphological and chemical evaluation and ethnobotanical studies.



STATE OF THE ART



Flora with endemic species are often very vulnerable to ecological niches



Traditional utilization



Cultural value



Ethnobotanical knowledge



Wild harvesting





TRAINING IN PORTUGAL



Graduated students

MAP Production, oil extraction and commercialization

Genetic Resources Conservation, including MAP

Plant wild collectors and farmers

MAP Organic Production

MAP Propagation Methods and Techniques



BPGV PROJECTS



1997 – 2000. Melhoramento do lúpulo (*Humulus lupulus L.*) por selecção de novas cultivares e por engenharia genética para indução de resistência contra vírus e/ou fungos

2001 – 2004. Etnobotânica, o uso e a gestão das plantas aromáticas e medicinais e a sua utilização sustentável como contributo para a valorização do meio rural

2001 – 2002. Characterization and Collection of *Daucus* Germoplasm

2001 – 2004. Avaliação, conservação e obtenção de material isento de vírus de populações regionais de *Allium*

2005 – 2006. Plantas aromáticas e medicinais em modo de produção biológico – Programa de dinamização para a introdução / produção de plantas aromáticas e medicinais do EDM

2004 – 2007. Conservação *in situ* em áreas protegidas e no campo do agricultor: estratégias complementares da conservação da agrobiodiversidade

2004 – 2007. Rede Nacional para a Conservação e Utilização Sustentável das Plantas Aromáticas e Medicinais.

2009-2010. Conservation and characterization of oregano (*Origanum vulgare L.*) wild populations in South - Eastern of Europe

2008 – 2011. Recuperação e conservação de recursos fitogenéticos de espécies agrícolas e de interesse paisagístico, Alentejo and Extremadura.

European Cooperative Programme for Plant Genetic Resources

Medicinal and Aromatic Plants Working Group

Sugar, Starch and Fibre Crops
Network ►

■ Useful links

Report of a Working Group on Medicinal and Aromatic Plants. Second Meeting, 16-18 December 2004, Strumica, Macedonia (FYR) and Third Meeting, 26-28 June 2007, Olomouc, Czech Republic

 **MAP 2nd and 3rd**
(PDF file 2558KB)

■ Workplan agreed in June 2007



- ▶ Recent events
- ▶ European Status of MAPs
- ▶ Background information
- ▶ Conservation programmes
- ▶ Scope of the WG activities
- ▶ Long-term tasks

■ Recent events ▾

- The Medicinal and Aromatic Plants Working Group held its 4th meeting at Kuşadası, Turkey on 29 September - 1 October 2009.
 - ▶ **Draft report**
 - ▶ **Presentations given during the meeting.**

■ Background information ▾

The proposal to establish a Working Group on Medicinal and Aromatic Plants (MAPs) was advanced at the first meeting of the Minor Crops Network Coordinating Group, in June 1999 in Turku, Finland. During its eighth meeting, in October 2001, the ECPGR Steering Committee agreed on the establishment of this Working Group. The MAP Working Group met for its first time in Gozd Martuljek, Slovenia, September 2002. A second meeting was held in Skopje, Macedonia, 16-18 December 2004, jointly with the SEEDNet MAP Working Group meeting. The third meeting of the WG took place in Olomouc, Czech Republic, on 26-28 June 2007. (See: report of the



MAP Companies in Portugal



- Ervital
- Cantinho das Aromáticas
- Vitacress
- Green Planet
- Segredo da Planta
- Socidestilda
- Planalto Dourado
- Bela Luz ®
- Vale Côvo
- RPC Aroma



Thank you for your attention

