

PLANT WILD GRUNDTVIG PROJECT

Ana Maria Barata, Filomena Rocha, Violeta R. Lopes

4th meeting Killis, Turkey - May, 9 2013

WILD HARVESTING BUSINESS OF MEDICINAL AND AROMATIC PLANTS (BWH)

Portugal

- > Resource description and distribution
- > Production and use estimation
- > Value Chain
- > Training needs
- > Swot Analysis on the business related to plants WH

Methodology support for BWH

- Consultation of reliable and official sites on the net
- Data presentation in conferences
- Consultation of papers and reports

(a) Type of vegetation

- > Raunkiaer (1934) The Life Forms of Plants and Statistical Plant Geography, Oxford University Press
- > Dansereau, P. 1951. Ecology 32: 172-229
- > <http://www.flora-on.pt>

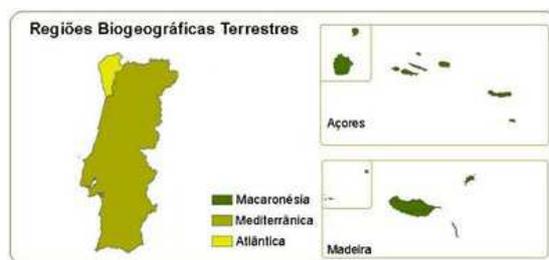
(B) Biogeographical region

(C) Altitude range

- > Costa, J. C , C. Aguiar, J. H. Capelo, M. Lousã & C. Neto (1998). Biogeografia de Portugal Continental. Quercetea 0: 5-56
- > <http://jb.utad.pt/flora>
- > <http://www.flora-on.pt>
- > 5.º Inventário Florestal Nacional. Apresentação do Relatório Final. Direcção Nacional de Gestão Florestal, SEFDR | 7 de Setembro de 2010
- > Regiões de Proveniência Portugal. Projecto – Defor “The contribution of research for the development and competitiveness of Southwest European forest sector”, INTERREG III B SUDOESTE DEFOR SO2 /1.3/F64, 2008
- > <http://www.icnf.pt/portal/naturaclas/rn2000/resource/implement/reg-biogeog-terr/view>

Methodology support for BWH

<http://www.icnf.pt/portal/naturaclas/rn2000/resource/implem/reg-biogeog-terr/view>



(B) Biogeographical region

Production and use estimation

- ✓ Ana Cristina Figueiredo (2012). Valorização de Plantas Aromáticas e Medicinais (PAMs): Investigação no Centro de Biotecnologia Vegetal (CBV – IBB). Apresentação no I Encontro Ibérico de Plantas Aromáticas e Medicinais (EIPAMs), Auditório do Instituto Politécnico de Beja, 18 de Maio. (note: the production and use estimation are based on 2010 values)

Resource description and distribution



Methodology to support for BWH

Main market

Elaborated products and services

- A. Proença da Cunha, Alda Pereira da Silva, Odete Rodrigues Roque (2003). Plantas e produtos vegetais em fitoterapia. Fundação Calouste Gulbenkian, Serviço de Educação e Bolsas. Lisboa, 701 pags.
- A. Proença da Cunha, José Alves Ribeiro, Odete Rodrigues Roque (2009). Plantas aromáticas em Portugal. Caracterização e utilizações. 2ª Edição. Fundação Calouste Gulbenkian, Serviço de Educação e Bolsas, Lisboa, 328 pags.
- A. Proença da Cunha, Odete Rodrigues Roque, Natália Gaspar (2011). Cultura e Utilização das Plantas Medicinais e aromáticas. Fundação Calouste Gulbenkian, Serviço de Educação e Bolsas. Lisboa, 472 pags.
- Ana Cristina Figueiredo (2012). Valorização de Plantas Aromáticas e Medicinais (PAMs): Investigação no Centro de Biotecnologia Vegetal (CBV – IBB). Apresentação no I Encontro Ibérico de Plantas Aromáticas e Medicinais (EIPAMs), Auditório do Instituto Politécnico de Beja, no dia 18 de Maio.

Resource description and distribution



Ten (10) most important MAP species (in terms of volume) wild collected in Portugal for commercial use.

| Species | Type of vegetation | Biogeographical region | Altitude range (m) | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------|
| <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> Labill Eucalipto | Phanerophyta | Atlantic and Mediterranean | 5 | 700 |
| <i>Pinus pinaster</i> Ait. Pinheiro bravo | Phanerophyta | Atlantic and Mediterranean | 0 | 1229 |
| <i>Cistus ladanifer</i> L. Esteva | Phanerophyta | Mediterranean | 0 | 949 |
| <i>Equisetum telmateia</i> Ehrh. Cavalinha | Geophyte | Mediterranean | 16 | 102 |
| <i>Pterospartum tridentatum</i> L. Willk. Carqueja | Phanerophyta Chamaephyta | Atlantic and Mediterranean | 13 | 1310 |
| <i>Centaurium erythraea</i> Rafn Fel da Terra | Hemicryptophyta Terophyte | Atlantic and Mediterranean | 10 | 703 |

Resource description and distribution



Ten (10) most important MAP species (in terms of volume) wild collected in Portugal for commercial use.

| Species | Type of vegetation | Biogeographical region | Altitude range (m) | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------|
| <i>Tilia platyphyllos</i> Scop. Tília | Mesofanerófito | Mediterranean | 50 | 1700 |
| <i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i> Vahl Freixo | Phanerophyta | Atlantic and Mediterranean | 9 | 1141 |
| <i>Matricaria recutita</i> L. Camomila | Terophyte | Mediterranean | 0 | 1000 |
| <i>Malva sylvestris</i> L. Malva | Hemicryptophyta | Atlantic | 10 | 815 |
| <i>Sambucus nigra</i> L. Sabugueiro | Phanerophyta | Atlantic and Mediterranean | 10 | 1099 |
| <i>Chamaemelum nobile</i> (L.) All. Macela; Camomila romana | Hemicryptophyta | Atlantic | 8 | 1251 |

Resource description and distribution



Resource description and distribution

Pterospartum tridentatum L. Willk.

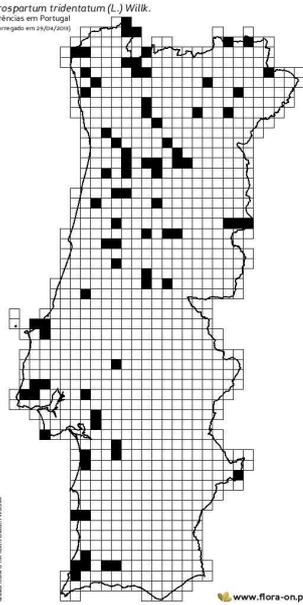


Production and use estimation

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Collected part | Flowering shoots |
| | Flowers |
| Total production (t) | 3,3 |

<http://jb.utad.pt>

Pterospartum tridentatum (L.) Willk.
ocorrências em Portugal
(desarregado em 28/04/2005)



Dados: P.V. Araújo, A. Carapeto, M. Porto, J.D. Almeida, J. Lourenço, A.J. Pereira, P. Carabias, C. Aguiar, F. C. ...
O autoriza a utilização dos dados e a publicação de trabalhos científicos, podendo estar incompleta.
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www.flora-on.pt



Resource description and distribution

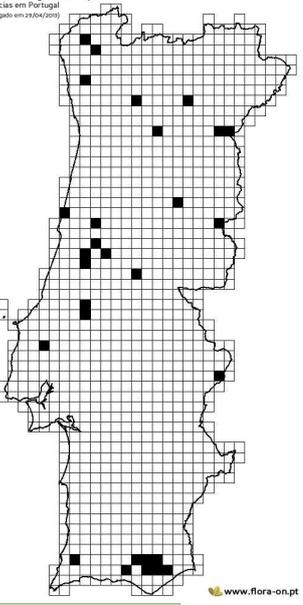
Centaurium erythraea Rafn



Production and use estimation

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Collected part | Flowering shoots |
| Total production (t) | 1,07 |

Centaurium erythraea Rafn
ocorrências em Portugal
(desarregado em 29/04/2005)



Dados: P.V. Araújo, M. Porto, A. Carapeto, J.D. Almeida, J. Lourenço, C.T. Gomes, ...
O autoriza a utilização dos dados e a publicação de trabalhos científicos, podendo estar incompleta.
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Resource description and distribution

Sambucus nigra L.

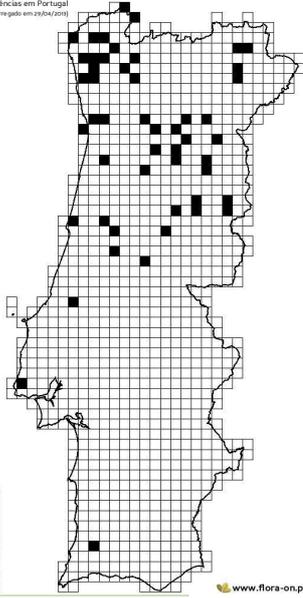


Production and use estimation

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Collected part | Flowers Fruits Bark |
| Total production (t) | 0,20 |

<http://jb.utad.pt>

Sambucus nigra L.
ocorrências em Portugal
(descargado em 29/04/2015)



Dados: J.D. Almeida, J. Lourenço, P.V. Araújo, A. Carapeto, F. Clemente, C. Aguiar, H. Espírito, V. Silva, M. Pinheiro, A. Silva
O conteúdo desta informação é baseado em dados de recolha frequentes, podendo estar incompleta.
O conteúdo desta informação é baseado em dados de recolha frequentes, podendo estar incompleta.

www.flora-on.pt



Resource description and distribution

Chamaemelum nobile (L.) All.

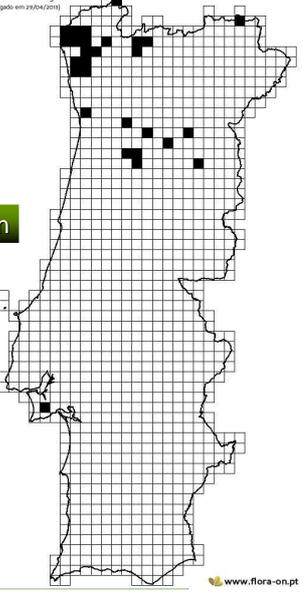


Production and use estimation

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Collected part | Flower heads |
| Total production (t) | 0,09 |

<http://jb.utad.pt>

Chamaemelum nobile (L.) All.
ocorrências em Portugal
(descargado em 29/04/2015)

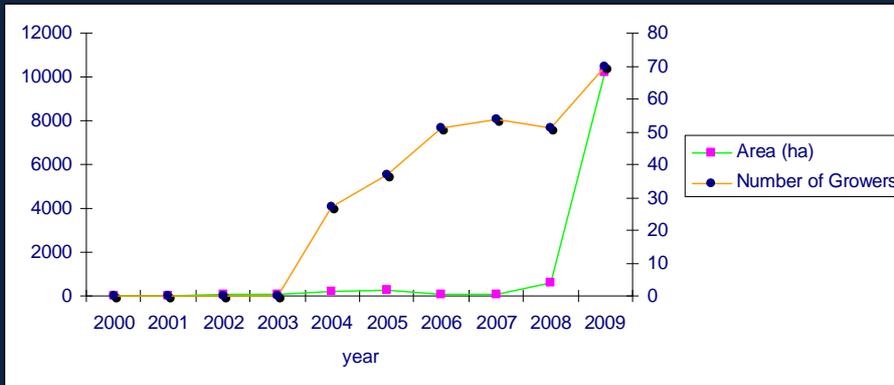


Dados: J. Lourenço, J.D. Almeida, P.V. Araújo, J. Pinheiro, C. Aguiar, C. Carapeto, F. Clemente, C. Aguiar, H. Espírito, V. Silva, M. Pinheiro, A. Silva
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Medicinal and aromatic plants organic production area and number of growers for the period 1994 to 2009, in Portugal.



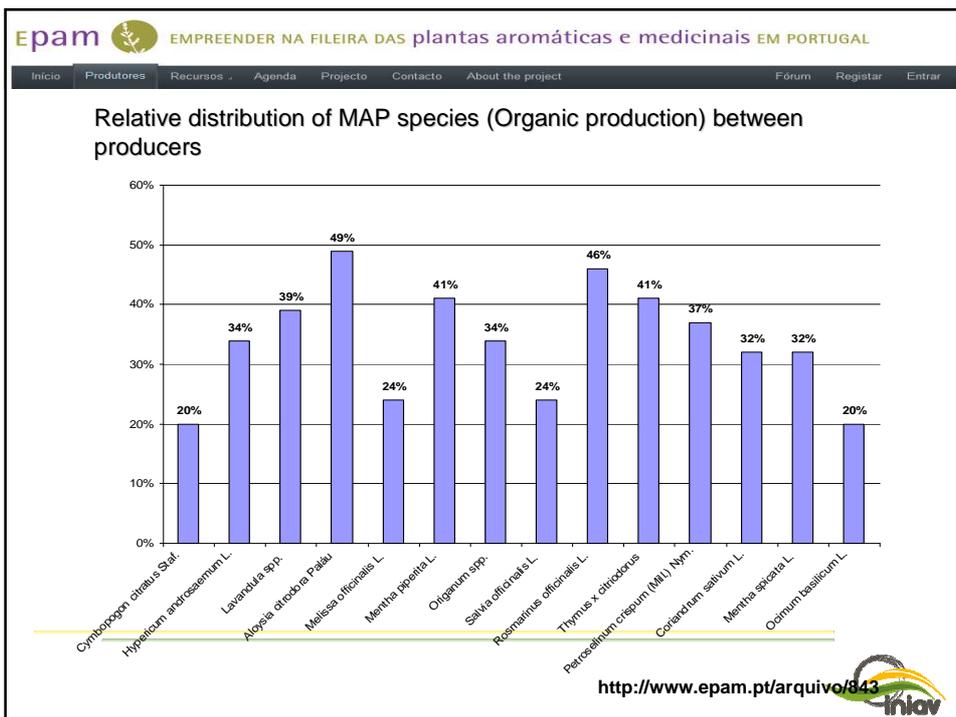
Source: Based on data kindly provided by Gabinete de Planeamento e Políticas (GPP) do Ministério da Agricultura do desenvolvimento Rural e das Pescas, 2011. Modo de produção Biológico. <http://www.gpp.pt/Biologica> - updated in 02 May 2011.

epam EMPREENDER NA FILEIRA DAS plantas aromáticas e medicinais EM PORTUGAL

Início Produtores Recursos Agenda Projecto Contacto About the project Fórum Registrar Entrar

- ✓ 58 Producers identified
- ✓ Planalto Dourado, Quinta Essência – Wild Harvest
- ✓ MAP Production surface : 79 Ha
- ✓ Most of the producers are located in the North and Center of the country
- ✓ The most representative species in production are:
 - Mentha piperita* L. (Hortelã-pimenta),**
 - Thymus vulgaris* L. (Tomilho vulgar),**
 - Aloysia citrodora* Paláu (Lúcia-lima),**
 - Thymus x citriodorus* (Tomilho-limão),**
 - Rosmarinus officinalis* L.(Alecrim),**
 - Satureja Montana* L. (Segurelha),**
 - Melissa officinalis* L. (Cidreira),**
 - Cymbopogon citratus* Staf. (Erva Príncipe),**
 - Thymus mastichina* L. (Tomilho bela luz)**
 - Mentha spicata* L. (Hortelã comum)**

<http://www.epam.pt/produtores-mapa>



ervital naturalmente.

2012

| Species | Common name | Installed area (ha) | Total Production (Kg dry matter) | Cultivated | Wild | Imported |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------|------|----------|
| <i>Agastache foeniculum</i> (Pursh) Kuntze | Agastache | 0,25 | 850 | | | |
| <i>Agrimonia eupatori</i> L. | Agrimónia | 0,15 | 300 | | | |
| <i>Camellia sinensis</i> (L.) Kuntze | Chá Verde | | 110 | x | | x |
| <i>Chamaemelum nobile</i> (L.) All. | Macela | | 75 | | x | |
| <i>Cymbopogon citratus</i> Staf. | Erva príncipe | 0,10 | 350 | x | | |
| <i>Echinacea purpurea</i> L. Moench | Equinácia | 0,15 | 400 | x | | |
| <i>Equisetum telmateia</i> Ehrh. | Cavalinha | | 120 | | x | |
| <i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i> Vahl | Freixo | | 40 | | x | |
| <i>Gomphrena</i> spp. | Perpétua Roxa | | 110 | x | | |
| <i>Hypericum androsaemum</i> L. | Hipericão do Gerês | 0,15 | 500 | | | |
| <i>Lavandula</i> spp. | Alfazema | | 90 | x | | |
| <i>Lippia citriodora</i> Kunth./ <i>Aloysia triphylla</i> L. (Hér.) Britton | Lúcia lima | | 200 | x | | |
| <i>Malva sylvestris</i> L. | Malva | | 65 | | x | |
| <i>Matricaria recutita</i> L. | Camomila | | 220 | | x | |
| <i>Melissa officinalis</i> L. | Cidreira | 0,25 | 700 | x | | |
| <i>Mentha piperita</i> L. | Hortelã Pimenta | 0,30 | 750 | x | | |
| <i>Origanum majorana</i> L. | Manjerona | 0,20 | 300 | | | |
| <i>Origanum</i> spp. | Orégão | 0,30 | 320 | x | | x |
| <i>Pterospartum tridentatum</i> L. Willk. | Carqueja flor | | 1300 | | | x |
| <i>Pterospartum tridentatum</i> L. Willk. | Carqueja ramo | | 150 | | | x |
| <i>Salvia officinalis</i> L. | Salva | 0,15 | 350 | | | |
| <i>Sambucus nigra</i> L. | Sabugueiro | | 50 | | | x |
| <i>Satureja montana</i> L. | Segurelha | 0,25 | 310 | | | |
| <i>Thymus</i> spp. | Tomilho | 0,55 | 800 | x | | |
| <i>Tilia platyphyllos</i> Scop. | Tília | | 230 | x | | x |
| <i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i> L. | Mirtílo | | 120 | x | | |
| Total | | | 8810 | | | |

não é obtida na nossa região mas sim adquirida a empresa que compra a colectores
 alguma (cerca de 50 kg) foi adquirida ao cantinho das aromáticas
 Imported

Production area: 4 ha

Production area: 2,5 ha

| Species | Common name |
|---|---------------------|
| <i>Artemisia dracunculus</i> | Estragão-francês |
| <i>Cymbopogon citratus</i> Staf. | Erva príncipe |
| <i>Echinacea purpurea</i> L. Moench | Equinácia |
| <i>Laurus nobilis</i> L. | Loureiro |
| <i>Lippia citriodora</i> Kunth./ <i>Aloysia triphylla</i> L. (Hér.) Britton | Lúcia lima/Limonete |
| <i>Melissa officinalis</i> L. | Cidreira |
| <i>Mentha piperita</i> L. | Hortelã Pimenta |
| <i>Origanum majorana</i> L. | Manjerona |
| <i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i> L. | Alecrim |
| <i>Satureja montana</i> L. | Segurelha |
| <i>Thymus mastichina</i> L. | Tomilho bela luz |
| <i>Thymus vulgaris</i> L. | Tomilho vulgar |
| <i>Thymus x citriodorus</i> | Tomilho limão |
| Others | |

Raw material obtained Production process



***Eucalyptus globulus* Labill**

Fresh herb, dry herb, essential oils
Distillation is performed with fresh leaves



***Pinus pinaster* Ait.**

Essential oils
Distillation of fresh leaves



***Cistus ladanifer* L.**

Dry herb, essential oils
Distillation using fresh leaves



***Equisetum telmateia* Ehrh.**

Fresh herb, dry herb
The sterile stems are collected, chopped and dried for use in herbal teas

Value Chain

Raw material obtained
Production process



***Pterospartum tridentatum* L. Willk.**

Fresh herb, dry herb

Flowers, branches with flowers, or just branches are collected and dried, in some cases chopped before drying

***Centaurium erythraea* Rafn**

Fresh herb, dry herb

The flowering aerial parts are collected and dried



***Tilia platyphyllos* Scop.**

Fresh herb, dry herb, essential oils

The flowers and bracts are collected and dried

***Fraxinus angustifolia* Vahl**

Fresh herb, dry herb, essential oils

The leaves are collected and dried



Value Chain



Raw material obtained
Production process



***Matricaria recutita* L.**

Fresh herb, dry herb, essential oils

The flowers are collected and dried

***Malva sylvestris* L.**

Fresh herb, dry herb

The plant is collected and dried (in some cases chopped before drying)



***Sambucus nigra* L.**

Fresh herb, dry herb

The flowers are collected and dried. The fruits and bark are used to dye food products (like wine, for instance)

***Chamaemelum nobile* (L.) All.**

Fresh herb, dry herb, essential oils

The flowers are collected and dried



Value Chain



Stakeholders involved Enterprises dealing with MAPs WH

| Species | Stakeholders involved | Enterprises dealing with MAPs WH |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> Labill | 1;2 | Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Socidestilda |
| <i>Pinus pinaster</i> Ait. | 1;2 | Socidestilda |
| <i>Cistus ladanifer</i> L. | 1;2 | Quinta Essência; Socidestilda |
| <i>Equisetum telmateia</i> Ehrh. | 1;2 | Ervital; Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Socidestilda |
| <i>Pterospartum tridentatum</i> L. Willk. | 1;2 | Ervital; Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Costa Bela Luz; Socidestilda |
| <i>Centaurium erythraea</i> Rafn | 1;2 | Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Socidestilda |
| <i>Tilia platyphyllos</i> Scop. | 1;2 | Ervital; Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Socidestilda |
| <i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i> Vahl | 1;2 | Ervital; Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Socidestilda |
| <i>Matricaria recutita</i> L. | 1;2 | Ervital; Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Planalto Dourado; Socidestilda |
| <i>Malva sylvestris</i> L. | 1;2 | Ervital; Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Socidestilda |
| <i>Sambucus nigra</i> L. | 1;2 | Ervital; Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Socidestilda |
| <i>Chamaemelum nobile</i> (L.) All. | 1;2 | Ervital; Segredos da Planta; Green Planet; Socidestilda |

1. Local population (work commissioned by a buyer) 2. Group of harvesters (work commissioned by a buyer)

Value Chain



Main market Elaborated products and services

| Species | Main market | Elaborated products and services |
|---|--|----------------------------------|
| <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> Labill | 1; 4; 5 (aromatic) | Phytomedicines, pharmacology |
| <i>Pinus pinaster</i> Ait. | 1; 4 | Phytomedicines, pharmacology |
| <i>Cistus ladanifer</i> L. | 1; 4; 5 (ornamental; melliferous) | Phytomedicines, pharmacology |
| <i>Equisetum telmateia</i> Ehrh. | 1 | Phytomedicines, herbal teas |
| <i>Pterospartum tridentatum</i> L. Willk. | 1; 2; 5 (flavouring liqueurs and wines, ethnographic uses) | Herbal teas |
| <i>Centaurium erythraea</i> Rafn | 1 | Herbal teas |
| <i>Tilia platyphyllos</i> Scop. | 1; 3; 4; 5 (ornamental; melliferous) | Herbal teas |
| <i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i> Vahl | 1; 3; 4;5 (ornamental; melliferous) | Herbal teas |
| <i>Matricaria recutita</i> L. | 1; 3, 4; 5 (flavouring liqueurs and wines) | Herbal teas |
| <i>Malva sylvestris</i> L. | 1; 5 (food colorant, flavouring liqueurs and wines) | Herbal teas |
| <i>Sambucus nigra</i> L. | 1; 5 (ornamental; food and wine colorant) | Herbal teas, phytomedicines |
| <i>Chamaemelum nobile</i> (L.) All. | 1; 3, 4; 5 (flavouring liqueurs and wines) | Herbal teas |

1. Medicinal 2. Food 3. Cosmetic 4. Perfumes 5. Other

Value Chain



1. Which training needs have the collectors? And wild harvested plants buyers?

COLLECTORS

1. Local population (work commissioned by a buyer)
2. Group of harvesters (work commissioned by a buyer)
3. Professional harvesters (selling to different buyers)
4. Enterprises (auto consumption to elaborate products)
5. Other (Forest owners_)

BUYERS

wholesalers

companies

Training subjects

| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| x | x | x | x | | | | |
| x | x | x | x | | | | |
| x | x | x | x | x | x | x | |
| x | x | x | x | x | x | x | |
| x | x | x | x | x | x | x | |
| | | x | x | x | x | x | |
| | | x | x | x | x | x | |

A - Sustainable WH techniques **B** - Good Collecting Practices **C** - Transformation training (drying/distillation...)
D - Good manufacturing practices **E** - Products elaboration **F** - Commercialisation and market aspects
G - Regulations and procedures **H** - Other

Importance 6

Training needs



2. How should be the training to reach these stakeholders?

COLLECTORS

1. Local population (work commissioned by a buyer)
2. Group of harvesters (work commissioned by a buyer)
3. Professional harvesters (selling to different buyers)
4. Enterprises (auto consumption to elaborate products)
5. Other (Forest owners_)

BUYERS

wholesalers

companies

Training actions

| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | x | | x | x | | | | |
| x | x | | x | x | | | | |
| x | x | | x | x | | | x | |
| x | x | | x | x | | | x | |
| x | x | | x | x | | | x | |
| x | | | x | | | | | |
| x | | | x | | | | | |

A - Regular training (courses, workshops) **B** - Voluntary training (courses, workshops) **C** - leaflets, posters, CD, DVD **D** - technical documents **E** - open seminars **F** - mobile apps **G** - media actions (TV, press...) **H** - on-line training **I** - other

Training needs



| Strengths | Weaknesses |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Financial support for training • Human resources prepared for training <p>Strong scientific knowledge</p> <p>MAP Research on going</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MAP sector has potential to growth • MAP sector produces tradable products with export potential • Linked to tourism and gastronomy • Biodiversity of each country • Juvenile sector with higher education | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research on wild MAP harvesting is fragile • Lack of monitoring in wild areas and the forest is private <p>International Markets , to support the economy are very weak</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • More concern about the sustainability of resources needed and quality of products • More knowledge about diseases and fires is needed • Weak differentiation, innovation, investment in the sector • Weak representation and agents • Weak response on the demand for non-timber products |
| Opportunities | Threats |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Juvenile sector with higher education • Essential element in rural tourism related to environment • MAP and Gastronomic value • Economic ecological value • There are conditions for domestic and export markets | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Age of collectors • Type of collectors / knowledge of collecting • The existing knowledge especially in elderly populations, fashion, tradition • Crescent complexity of this sector organizations and economic agents |

SWOT Analysis





GOVERNO DE PORTUGAL

MINISTÉRIO DA AGRICULTURA,
DO MAR, DO AMBIENTE
E DO ORDENAMENTO DO TERRITÓRIO

Thank you very much for your
kind attention